





# THE RIGHT THREAD FOR EVERY SUTURE

GOOD TO KNOW
B. BRAUN SUTURES

## SPECIALIST INFORMATION

## PHARMACOPOFIA

## STRENGTH CLASSIFICATION FOR SURGICAL SUTURE MATERIAL

USP	METRIC	Thread diameter (mm)
12-0	0.01	0.001-0.009
11-0	0.1	0.010-0.019
10-0	0.2	0.020-0.029
9-0	0.3	0.030-0.039
8-0	0.4	0.040-0.049
7-0	0.5	0.050-0.069
6-0	0.7	0.070-0.099
5-0	1	0.100-0.149
4-0	1.5	0.150-0.199
3-0	2	0.200-0.249
2-0	2.5	0.250-0.299
2-0	3	0.300-0.349
1-0	3.5	0.350-0.399
1	4	0.400-0.499
2	5	0.500-0.599
3	6	0.600-0.699
5	7	0.700-0.799

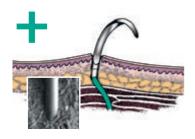
## USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

In the United States Pharmacopoeia, classifications are randomly made and are not directly related to the thread diameter.

## Metric - European Pharmacopoeia

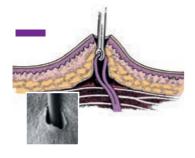
In the European Pharmacopoeia strength specifications, the filament diameters are given in 1/10 mm. Thus, a 1 metric thread is 0.1 mm thick. The description allows precise conclusions to be drawn about the filament diameter.

The USP thickness specifications that were historically developed have become established on the global market. For this reason, the USP value is highlighted in the packaging marking. However, the metric value is still indicated.



## ATRAUMATIC NEEDLE-THREAD COMBINATIONS\*

- Minimal wound trauma
- Secure union of needle and thread
- Smooth transition between needle and thread
- Always new, sterile and sharp needles
- No time-consuming threading
- Needle and thread diameter determined according to the indication



## SPRING EYE NEEDLES - TRAUMATIC\*

- Wound trauma through doubling of the thread
- Damage to the thread caused by catching in the spring eye
- No secure fit of the thread in the needle eye
- Time-consuming threading of the thread in the normal eye

<sup>\*</sup>Hans G. Niemand, Peter F. Suter, Barbara Kohn, Günter Schwarz. Praktikum der Dogeklinik. Überarbeitete und erweiterte Auflage 11.2012: 25–26

## SPECIALIST INFORMATION

## KNOT TYPES AND TECHNIQUES

## **KNOT TYPES**

#### correct



## Square knot, weaver's knot

- Reliable
- Secure closure
- Good for ligatures

#### incorrect



## The granny knot

- Unreliable
- Tends to loosen

#### correct



## Surgical knot

- Very secure
- Good tension
- Not for ligatures

#### correct



## Sliding knot

- Good for deep-lying knots
- Good for ligatures

#### KNOT TECHNIQUE

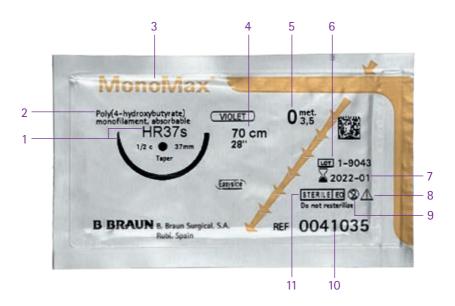
correct		inc	correct	_
1 = 1		1 x 1		1 = 1 throws are in the opposite direction (sailer's knot = weaver's knot)
1 = 1 = 1		1 x 1 x 1		1 x 1 throws are not in the opposite direction (known as a woman's knot)
2 = 1		2 x 1		

## TIPS FOR THE RIGHT KNOT

- The knot should not be placed directly on the wound edge, but parallel to it in order to avoid wound irritation.
- Unnecessary friction and manipulation of the suture material should be avoided (risk of thread breakage).
- The choice of knot depends on the suture material and indication.
- Knots and ligatures should be tensioned to ensure the necessary strength and to ensure safety and prevent subsequent slipping.
- Ligatures require complete occlusion of vessels, while a sutured wound tissue strangulation should be avoided to prevent ischemia and necrosis.
- Suture thickness, number of knots, and length of endings determine the size of the knots and thus the irritation of the tissue. The selection of the correct thread thickness and the number of knots should therefore be suitable for the indication. The ends should be shortened to 3 mm for synthetic material.

## SUTURE MATERIAL PACKAGING

## LABELING OF THE PACKAGING AND FILM



1	Needle description and illustration
2	Description of thread/material
3	Product name
4	Thread length
5	Thread diameter
6	Batch number
7	Use by: year and month
8	Observe the instructions for use
9	Do not re-sterilize, single-use product
10	Article number
11	Sterilization method

## **EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS**

For single use only	<b>②</b>
Use by: year and month	
Sterilization by ethylene oxide (EO)	STERILEEO
Sterilization by gamma irradiation (R)	STERILE R
CE mark and identification number of the notified body. The product complies with the requirements of the Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC	<b>( (</b> <sub>0123</sub>
Batch number	LOT
Please observe the instructions for use	$\triangle$
Article number/Order number	REF

## SUTURE MATERIAL PACKAGING

## HANDLING STEPS

## RacePack®

## DDP (Direct Dispense Packaging)

## 1. Open non-sterile outer package





## 2. Transfer to sterile field





## HANDLING STEPS

## RacePack®

## DDP (Direct Dispense Packaging)

3. Tear-off opening system indicated by the colored arrows



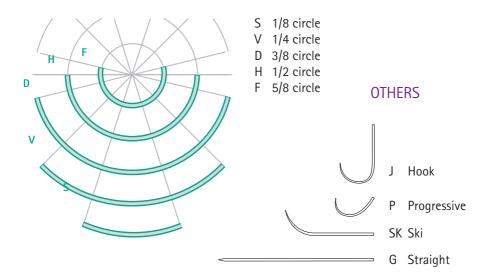
4. Quick and direct gripping of the needle





## NEEDLES FOR VETERINARY SURGERY

## NEEDLE ANGLE OF CURVATURE



Easyslide

Easyslide 300 Quality Steel **CV** Pass

**CV-Pass** needles for cardiovascular surgery

Easyslide B

**Easyblack** black, glare-free needles

CV Pass easyblack

**CV-Pass easyblack** black, glare-free needles for cardiovascular surgery

Dermaslide

**Dermaslide**® Needle especially for skin closure

## **NEEDLES FOR VETERINARY SURGERY**

## **NEEDLE NOMENCLATURE**

	Needle curvature								
Α	S	V	D	Н	F	G	Р	J	SK
	1/8 circle	1/4 circle	3/8 circle	1/2 circle	5/8 circle	Straight	Progressive/ Asymptotic	Hook	Ski

	Needle body							
В	G	R	S	L				
	Trapezoidal micro engraved body	Round body	Cutting	Lancet				

	Needle tip									
C	T	N	S	С	М	MP	m	mV		
	Trocar tip	Blunt tip	Cutting tip	Short, cutting tip	Micro-point	Microtip/ Precision	Micro- needle	Micro vascular		

Needle length

The numbers indicate the distance in mm between the needle tip and needle end, measured on the external curve of the needle.

	Further information							
	f	ff	S	SS	V	b	TO	
D	Thin-bodied needle	Extra- thin-bodied needle	Strong needle body	Very strong needle body	Break-off needle	Black needle	Take-Off removable needle, with a straight tug of the needle holder, the needle can be removed from the suture fiber	

## **Example**

12

HRT 37s = 1/2 circle round-bodied needle with trocar tip, length 37 mm, strong needle body

## NEEDLES FOR VETERINARY SURGERY

#### **NEEDLE OVERVIEW**

## CUTTING NEEDLES DS HS

Cutaneous needles: The three-edged external cutting body of the needle is ideal for suturing tough tissue. The three edges run along the entire needle length and provide optimum piercing capability alongside a reliable, cosmetic result.



#### **CUTTING NEEDLES WITH MICROTIPS**

DSMP / DGMP NEU

The cutting tip of this slimline precision needle is hand-cut and, with minimal trauma, allows very good tissue penetration, fine sutures in tough tissue and good cosmetic results.



#### **ROUND-BODIED NEEDLES**

HR GR

The round body of the needle tapers into a fine, sharp needle tip. The body flattens out in the middle section of the needle, which ensures a secure fit in the needle holder. Round bodied needles only pierce the tissue, they do not cut it, so they are highly suitable for suturing soft tissue.



## NEEDLES FOR VETERINARY SURGERY

#### NEEDLE OVERVIEW

#### ROUND BODIED NEEDLE WITH TROCAR TIP

**DRT HRT** 

The round bodied needle has a four-sided cutting tip. This allows tough tissue to be easily pierced with minimal trauma.



## ROUND BODIED NEEDLE WITH SHORT CUTTING TIP

HRC DRC

The specially shaped round bodied needle with short cut tip makes tough tissue easier to pierce. The specialist needle for fine anastomoses and difficult tissue conditions.



#### LANCET (SPATULA) NEEDLES

DLM

The lancet needle is a variant of the spatula needle. Its special needle tip is designed to pass through opht-halmic structures without damaging the upper and lower layer of stroma.



Dermaslide® - DGMP

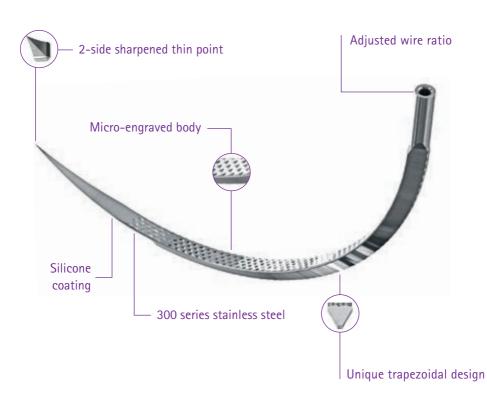
## THE NEW NEEDLE WITH MICRO-ENGRAVED BODY

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- Glides impressively through tissue
- Continuous sharpness
- Outstanding needle holder stability
- Good cosmetic results

#### AVAILABLE FOR:

- Optilene®
- Dafilon®
- Monosyn<sup>®</sup>
- Monosyn® Quick





# TISSUE-SPECIFIC APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS DOG AND CAT

ABSORBABLE					
		Monosyn <sup>®</sup> Quick	Monosyn®	Novosyn®	MonoPlus®
		monofilament glyconate		braided poly(glycolide-co-l- lactide 90/10) coated	
Absorbable	Short-term	6-7 days			
50% loss of tensile	Mid-term		14 days	21 days	
strength	Long-term				35 days
SKIN	Dog: 4/0 - 2/0 Cat: 4/0	+	++	+	++
SUBCUTIS	Dog: 4/0 - 3/0 Cat: 4/0 - 3/0	++	++	+	+
MUCOSA	Dog: 5/0 - 3/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	++	++	+	+
MUSCLES	Dog: 3/0 - 0 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	_	++	+	++
TENDONS	Dog: 2/0 - 1 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	_	-	+	++
JOINT CAPSULE	Dog: 3/0 - 0 Cat: 3/0	_	-	+	++
SMALL INTESTINE	Dog: 5/0 - 3/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	+	++	+	++
COLON	Dog: 5/0 - 3/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	_	++	+	++
BLADDER	Dog: 5/0 - 4/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	++	++	+	++
JTERUS	Dog: 4/0 - 2/0 Cat: 4/0 - 3/0	++	++	+	+
ABDOMINAL WALL	Dog: 3/0 - 1 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	-	++	+	++
LIGATURE	Dog: 3/0 - 0 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	-	++	++	++
EDGE OF EYE LID	Dog: 5/0 - 4/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	+	++	++	+
HERNIAS	Dog: 3/0 - 2/0 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	_	-	-	++

Material of choice ++ very good + good - unsuitable

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DOG AND CAT

NON-ABSORBA	BLE			
		Optilene <sup>®</sup>	Dafilon®	
		polyproylene polyethylene	monofilament polyamide 6/6.6	pseudo- monofilament polyamide 6/6.6
SKIN	Dog: 4/0 - 2/0 Cat: 4/0	++	++	++
SUBCUTIS	Dog: 4/0 - 3/0 Cat: 4/0 - 3/0	_	-	-
MUCOSA	Dog: 5/0 - 3/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	+	-	_
MUSCLES	Dog: 3/0 - 0 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	+	-	_
TENDONS	Dog: 2/0 - 1 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	++	+	+
JOINT CAPSULE	Dog: 3/0 - 0 Cat: 3/0	++	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE	Dog: 5/0 - 3/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	+	-	_
COLON	Dog: 5/0 - 3/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	+	-	_
BLADDER	Dog: 5/0 - 4/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	+	-	_
UTERUS	Dog: 4/0 - 2/0 Cat: 4/0 - 3/0	-	-	_
ABDOMINAL WALL	Dog: 3/0 - 1 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	+	+	+
LIGATURE	Dog: 3/0 - 0 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	+	+	+
EDGE OF EYE LID	Dog: 5/0 - 4/0 Cat: 5/0 - 4/0	++	++	-
HERNIAS	Dog: 3/0 - 2/0 Cat: 3/0 - 2/0	++	+	_



CATTLE AND CALF

ABSORBABLE					
		Monosyn <sup>®</sup> Quick	Monosyn®	Novosyn®	MonoPlus®
		monofilament glyconate		braided poly(glycolide-co-l- lactide 90/10) coated	
Absorbable	Short-term	6-7 days			
50% loss of tensile	Mid-term		14 days	21 days	
strength	Long-term				35 days
COLON	2/0 - 3/0	-	++	+	++
ABOMASUM	2/0	-	++	+	++
RUMEN	2/0 - 0	-	++	+	++
APPENDIX	2/0 - 0	-	++	+	++
UTERUS	0 - 2	-	++	+	++
BLADDER	2/0	-	++	+	++
ABDOMINAL WALL/ MUSCLES	1 - 2	-	++	+	++
MUSCLES	2/0 - 2	-	++	+	++
SUBCUTIS	0 - 1	-	++	+	++
SKIN	0 - 2	-	++	+	++
UMBILICAL HERNIA	2/0 - 1	-	+	+	++
ZINC CISTERN	3/0 - 4/0	++	++	+	+
GROIN SEAM	2/0 - 0	-	++	+	++
TENDONS	0 - 2	-	-	-	++
CORNEAL INJURY	4/0 - 6/0	-	-	++	-

Material of choice ++ very good + good - unsuitable

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**CATTLE AND CALF** 

NON-ABSORBABLE							
		Optilene <sup>®</sup>	Dafilon <sup>®</sup>	Supramid®			
		polyproylene polyethylene	monofilament polyamide 6/6.6	pseudo- monofilament polyamide 6/6.6			
COLON	2/0 - 3/0	+	-	-			
ABOMASUM	2/0	+	-	-			
RUMEN	2/0 - 0	+	-	-			
APPENDIX	2/0 - 0	+	-	-			
UTERUS	0 - 2	+	-	-			
BLADDER	2/0	+	-	-			
ABDOMINAL WALL/ MUSCLES	1 - 2	+	-	-			
MUSCLES	2/0 - 2	+	-	-			
SUBCUTIS	0 - 1	+	-	-			
SKIN	0 - 2	++	++	++			
UMBILICAL HERNIA	2/0 - 1	++	+	+			
ZINC CISTERN	3/0 - 4/0	-	-	-			
GROIN SEAM	2/0 - 0	++	++	++			
TENDONS	0 - 2	++	+	-			
CORNEAL INJURY	4/0 - 6/0	++	++	-			



ABSORBABLE						
		Monosyn <sup>®</sup> Quick	Monosyn®	Novosyn®	MonoPlus®	
		monofilament glyconate		braided poly(glycolide-co-l- lactide 90/10) coated		
Absorbable 50% loss of tensile strength	Short-term	6-7 days				
	Mid-term		14 days	21 days		
	Long-term				35 days	
SKIN	2/0 - 1	-	++	+	++	
SUBCUTIS	2/0 - 0	-	++	+	++	
MUCOSA	2/0 - 0	++	++	+	+	
TENDONS	2/0 - 1	-	-	-	++	
JOINT CAPSULE	0 - 1	-	+	+	++	
SMALL INTESTINE	3/0 - 2/0	-	+	+	++	
COLON	2/0 - 0	-	+	+	++	
APPENDIX	2/0 - 0	-	+	+	++	
ABDOMINAL WALL	0 - 2	_	-	+	++	
HERNIAS	1 - 2	-	+	+	++	
EDGE OF EYE LID	3/0 - 4/0	-	++	+	++	
CORNEAL INJURY	5/0 - 6/0	-	-	++	-	







**HORSE** 

NON-ABSORBABLE						
		Optilene <sup>®</sup>	Dafilon®	Supramid®		
		polyproylene polyethylene	monofilament polyamide 6/6.6	pseudo- monofilament polyamide 6/6.6		
SKIN	2/0 - 1	++	++	++		
SUBCUTIS	2/0 - 0	-	-	_		
MUCOSA	2/0 - 0	+	+	+		
TENDONS	2/0 - 1	++	-	_		
JOINT CAPSULE	0 - 1	++	-	-		
SMALL INTESTINE	3/0 - 2/0	+	-	-		
COLON	2/0 - 0	+	-	-		
APPENDIX	2/0 - 0	+	-	-		
ABDOMINAL WALL	0 - 2	+	-	-		
HERNIAS	1 - 2	++	-	-		
EDGE OF EYE LID	3/0 - 4/0	++	+	+		
CORNEAL INJURY	5/0 - 6/0	++	++	-		